REAL RESULTS OF ENGAGEMENTS NOT MADE PUBLIC.

Experts, However, Are Not Much Concerned About Whether the Army or Navy Won Rules Laid Down Were Not Observed at All Times -- Interest in Coming Report.

FORT MONROE, Va., June 17 .- The joint army and navy war exercises ended at noon to-day and the next thing in order is the consideration of the report of the umpires and observers and the ultimate formation of plans for the improvement of the coast iefense and the naval service, based on the facts brought out.

Such a marked degree of secreey has been maintained here during the week that outsiders have had much difficulty in getting at the real results of the various engagements between Major-Gen. Wade's land forces and the naval "enemy" under Admiral Dickins. In many cases it was absolutely impossible to obtain official information of any kind, thus making it necessary to rely altogether on the purely obvious phases of the exercises. It is the purpose of those in authority to make no public statement concerning the manner in which the various problems prescribed by the board from the War and Navy Colleges have been worked out.

The order as to the manner in which the proper authorities will arrive at their conclusions regarding the constructive silencing of a land tattery or the sinking or disabling of a naval unit has been made public. "As the ships and batteries are not to he ruled out," this order says, "this circumstance will be allowed for as follows: Fire commanders will decide when, in their opinion, ships are to be considered out of action and will communicate such decision at once to the batteries, who for the rest of that phase will regard ships as negligible units. The commander-inchief and the commanding officers afloat will exercise the same prerogative in regard to the elements of the land defenses. The object of this provision is to permit the withdrawal of fire from ships and defenses that seem to be out of action and to permit concentration of fire on the remaining ships and defenses. This action will te at the risk of the responsible commander who orders it.

Apparently the later part of this rule was not observed at all times. In practically every attack made here during the week all the vessels of the fleet, or a part of them, continued to fire long after they must inevitably have been disabled or sent to the bottom had the conflict been real in-stead of theoretical.

It remains to be seen whether the board

of review will take cognizance of this fact in arriving at its final conclusions, but the ignoring of the rule mentioned seems to have been so marked that it is difficult to see how the board can avoid taking the matter under consideration. The attacks on the batteries in the artillery districts of the Potomac and of Baltimore brought out the reverse side of the same point, the forts in several instances having continued to fire on the ships as they were sailing by. in pistol shot range, and with all their guns

While such features as these gave a While such features as these gave a farcical aspect to some phases of the exercises, there can be no doubt that much good will result from the tests of the personnel and material of both sides. Then, too, many vital facts were developed which can be used to great practical advantage in the future. One of these was the efficiency of shore searchlights. At present very few of the forts scattered along the "Atlantic, Gulf and Pacific coasts are equipped with the lights, but the demonstration of their value during the last week will doubtless have the effect of causing them to be purchased and placed as ing them to be purchased and placed as rapidly as the available funds will permit. Fort Monroe cannot protect the entrance to Chesapeake Bay. The exercises demon-strated that fact conclusively. The search-lights cannot pick up vessels coming in between the capes, nor can the heaviest batteries here reach them. One of the results will probably be the renewal of the agitation for the establishment of a fort at Fort Henry. Such a fort could prevent the entrance of all large vessels. ut smaller ones might get in through a shoalest point in which is about eighteen feet at mean tide. The establishment of a subsidiary battery on Cape Charles, how-ever, would cover the entrance to the bay most effectively. The cost of such forti-fications would be quite heavy, and Con-gress will doubtless move slowly, if at all, in providing funds for their construction.

Even though a hostile fleet should succeed in getting by the home fleet, which would naturally be set to protect the lower end of the bay in the event of war, it could not hope to do any damage to either Washington or Baltimore. The mine system which the land forces operated so effectively during the exercises could possibly perform the work of annihilation without assistance, but the combination of the mines and the batteries ombination of the mines and the batteries of Forts Washington and Hunt, on the Potomac, and Forts Smallwood, Carroll, Armistad and McHenry, below Baltimore, would constitute an impregnable defense. In fact, the exercises showed that the only weak point of the land fortifications, or these the principal one is their inability. at least the principal one, is their inability to turn their hig guns toward the rear. If an active enemy could succeed in landing light artillery it could get in behind the forts and do a vast amount of damage, unless it was met with effective resistance on the part of infantry, cavalry and field tillery. Wireless telegraph and other lyanced means of communication, including signaling from land stations and from out boats, have been shown to be very fective. That their more extensive use ill result from the joint exercises is prob-

These are the main points developed during the week which will be appreciated by the general public. Others, such as a fire control, ranges, range finding, &c., are to technical in their nature to be easily unde , range finding, &c., are too od by any one who does not make a study of them. The board of review will pay par-ticular attention to them, however, as they are officially regarded as of vastly greater value than the mere cuestion of whether the army or the navy got the advantage in the various engagements. The work of the board will doubtless cover a period of many weeks and its report will be of intense in-terest to the personnel of both arms of the

JOHNSTON CITY BURNED. Entire Business Section Wiped Out-Lack

of Water Hampered Firemen. Marion, Ind., June 17 .- Fire last night practically destroyed the town of Johnston City, five miles from here. Owing to a scarcity of water the fire was not controll d until to-day. Forty buildings, inuding the entire business section,

Fire departments from Marion and Herrin assisted in extinguishing the flames. loss is estimated at \$200,000.

HARRIMAN THIEVES HELD.

Mother Wants One Sent to a Reformatory Probably Were After Bronze Work.

The three youths, Kennedy, Miller and Schulmerith, were arraigned in the Yorkville police court yesterday charged with attempting to enter the home of E. H. Harriman, at 1 East Fifty-fifth street. mother said he was inclined to be a wild boy and she hoped he would be sent to a reformatory for his own good. It is supposed that what the youths intended to steal was tize doorknobs. Magistrate Whit-

and dishonest servants can be insured against by policy of THE AETNA INDEMNITY COMPANY. rates. Promot adjustments. Particulars at No. 68 William Street. New York City.-Adv.

RIDER KILLED ON TRACK. Harry T. Pearce Thrown Over Horse's Head in Running Race.

YORK, Pa., June 17.-Harry T. Pearce was killed on the track of the Shrewsbury Driving and Trotting Association here this afternoon, during the progress of the fifth race, which was a running event. Pearce's horse, Navaio, threw him over his head, The man's skull was badly fractured and

BULKELEY DISAPPOINTED 'EM. Senator Failed to Respond When He Was Called to Make a Speech.

he died in a short time after the accident.

NEW HAVEN, June 17 .- At the exercises dedicating the soldiers' monument in this city yesterday afternoon United States Senator Morgan G. Bulkeley of Hartford, who was down on the program for an address, was led off by one of his old comrades in arms and did not show up when wanted to speak his piece. There was much disappointment over the absence of the Senator.

Gen. Edwin S. Greeley, master of cere-monies, when it was Senator Bulkeley's time to speak, announced to the multitude: The next address on the program will be from our distinguished United States Up to Senator, the Hon. Morgan G. Bulkeley of act by the senator of the Hon. Hartford, and I take great pleasure in introducing him to this audience."

But the Senator had vamosed. Scouts were sent after him, but they did not find

It came out to-day that he stepped down from the speaker's stand for a few minutes to shake hands with one of the boys in his company in the war days, and he forgot altogether that he was booked for a speech when he and his chum got to talking about the days at the front, so it was explained. Some one started a report that Senator ulkeley left the platform when he saw he Rev. Dr. Newman Smyth, a member of the Yale corporation, on the platform. Dr. Smyth delivered the invocation at the unveiling of the monument. A few months ago, when Senator Bulkeley was making his canvass for United States Senator, Dr. Smyth went after him, declaring finally that Connecticut should send some other man to the Senate if she had any respect for herself. Senator Bulkeley said to-day that he had nothing to say as to why he did not speak, and that he had no explana-

The Cause Is Not Cigarette Smoking as Was Recently Reported.

ALBANY, June 17 .- The increase in the of this State has led to a report that cigarette smoking is responsible for it. The records of the State Lunacy Commission, which have just been completed, show that during the last year the cause in 4,000 out of 5,788 cases has been determined. Here are some of the principal causes:

Mental strain, 347; adverse conditions (loss of friends or business troubles), 331; intemperance, 707; love affairs, 45; influenza epidemic, 21; abuse of drugs, 47.

If any cases resulted from cigarette smoking they would be classed as intemperance. The Lunacy Commission thus expresses its belief as to the causes of

"A recent impression having gained ome credence that insanity is largely due to vicious propensities, an impression cor-rected, we hope, in a measure, by a rather detailed statement of the causation of men-tal disorders in the last report of the com-

mission, it is deemed advisable to again refer briefly to this subject. "The causes of insanity are heredity, which creates an unstable nervous organization, and stress, which breaks it. The stress may be physical (diseases like tuberstress may be physical (diseases like tuber-culosis, typhoid fever, kidney diseases, anemia and the like; or accidents, blows on the head), or the stress may be mental (grief, worry, trouble, fright, religious ex-citement). The ratio of so-called vicious causes (alcohol, drugs, &c.) is small com-pared to the class of factors just cited."

ARRESTED THE COP.

Cop Went Quietly-Unlicensed Street Preacher He Stopped Very Angry.

Policeman Whitman of the Tenderloin station saw a crowd at Broadway and Thirty-sixth street last night and pushed into it to see what was going on. An evangelist was preaching and a young the preacher.
"You can't stay here without a permit, "You draw a crowd and disturb

the peace." "Go away," said the preacher. "I am a man of God and you are a child of the

"If you resist I will arrest you," said the policeman.
"Ho, is that so?" said the preacher. "I will arrest you. Consider yourself under arrest and come along with me to your

Whitman went peaceably. The sergeant laughed and discharged his cop. The preacher, who said he lived at 140 West Thirty-sixth street, and who gave the name of Samuel J. Luback, went away very

EMMA CARUS QUITS ROOF SHOW After Tiff With the Management Over Her Share of the Limelight.

Emma Carus is no longer a member of States at Canton, China. Mr. Crist has the New York Theater roof company that been the confidential clerk of Secretary is presenting the burlesque "When We Are 41." Miss Carus quit the company last night after playing one week. She was dissatisfied with her rôle and the amount of applause given to Elsie Janis, who has been the hit of the burlesque. Both young women have been featured on the program, but Miss Carus has shown signs of rebellion ever since Miss Janis proved she was a good entertainer.

good entertainer. Managers Werba and Luesher of the roof garden were informed on Friday by Miss Carus that she was not at all satisfied, and that unless her part could be bettered, she might take advantage of the two might take advantage of the two weeks notice clause in her contract and quit. The managers told her they were willing that she should do so, and she resigned from the company. Dorothy Morton will take

News of Plays and Players. Mme, Alla Nasimoff of the St. Peters-

burg Dramatic Company, playing at the Windsor on the Bowery, is to appear in a

Windsor on the Bowery, is to appear in a lenefit performance to be given for her on Friday, June 23. She has chosen for this peasing the play of August Strindberg, which is best known outside of Sweden, "The Countess Julie."

There will be a be offit performance at the Fourteenth Stra. Theater to-night, the proceeds to be devoted to outings for poor children. Among those who will appear are Millie Blanchard, George Evans, the Empire Quartet and Louis Wesley. the Empire Quartet and Loui - Wesley.

Movements of Naval Vessels.

WASHINGTON, June 17.—The cruisers Chicago and Boston and the destroyer Perry have arrived at Portland, Ore., the cruiser Marblehead at Port Angeles, the cruiser Denver at Santo Domingo City, the cruiser Denver at Santo Bonning City, the gunboat Eagle at San Juan, the gun-boat Vixen at Guantanamo, the colliers Leonidas and Casar at Lambert Point, the cruiser Maryland at Newport and the

the cruiser Maryland at Newport and the Monitor Terror at Norfolk. The collier Saturn has sailed from San Francisco for Port Angeles, the gunboat Hist from Boston for Newport, the gunboat Hist from Boston for Newport, the gunboat Princeton, from Acapulco for Panama, the gunboat Topeka, from Guantanamo for Monte Cristi, and the collier Hannibal, from Norfolk for Philadelphia.

The Late Col. Hadley's Son a Curate. The Rev. George Daniel Hadley, son of the late Col. Henry H. Hadley, an evangelist who established sixty missions in different parts of the United States, has been appointed a curate of St. John's Episcopal Church of Jersey City. He will have charge of St. John's Mission in Pacific avenue, which was started by Col. Hadley eight

CAN'T BLOCK EQUITABLE PLAN

UNDERHAND EFFORTS AGAINST WORK OF TRUSTEES FAIL.

Directors to Be Named by Policyholders to Qualify All Right, It's Announced on Behalf of Mr. Ryan-No Overt Act Yet Made Against New Management.

No study of a situation, it became apparent yesterday, has been marked with such keenness as the recent developments For the last few days it has been known in certain circles that one or two prominent men who were particularly notorious and decidedly offensive under the old management of the Equitable were exceedingly perturbed if not actually envious of the determination of Thomas F. Ryan to straighten out the affairs of the Equitable. and by the action of the three trustees, Grover Cleveland, Morgan J. O'Brien and George Westinghouse, to turn the society, from the most exalted to the humblest department, over to the 600,000 policy-

Up to late last night, it was said, no overt act by those who have sought within the last few days to poison the atmosphere against the new management has been committed. But it is well known that the one or two notorious ones who have not felt at all pleasant over the new situation were those who declared unreservedly without stint that never with their consent would the mutualization plan go into operation. These statements were made by these men when they occupied high seats in the Equitable's affairs, but since their dethronement they have had little or nothing to say, but have confined themselves to subterraneous efforts to thwart the trustees in their work to rehabilitate the society and to hand it over to the policyholders.

Little or no attention, it was added, has been given up to this time to the conduct of the disappointed ones; those who, when they had an opportunity, refused point blank to accede to plans to mutualize the society for the benefit of the policyholders. The INCREASE OF INSANE PATIENTS. policyholders' committee and the most conservative interests have indorsed the new management and the new trusteeship of the society, and everything is proceeding in shipshape order, notwithstanding the number of insane patients in the institutions antics of one or two whose methods are born of jealousy and disappointment.

Harry C. Macdona, one of Thomas F. Ryan's lawyers, gave out this statement vesterday in reply to opinions that have been expressed in the last two or three days that there would be difficulty in qualifying directors for the Equitable board under the Ryan mutualization plan:

"The question of qualifying policyholders selected by trustees to serve as directors of the Equitable Life Assurance Society was fully discussed by Elihu Root and Mr. Cravath with Mr. Cleveland and other trustees, and it was agreed that there would be no difficulty in qualifying such policyholders in conformity with the law and the society's charter. There is, accordingly, no ground for anxiety on this

It was learned further that Mr. Ryan would not let anything stand in the way of carrying out his plan of mutualization. The arrangement of details in regard to the qualifying of directors has been left by him entirely with the trustees, and it was said yesterday that he was willing to make any supplemental agreement with them, if necessary, to carry the plan into effect.

The announcement by Mr. Ryan's attorney that this matter will be arranged

torney that this matter will be arranged satisfactorily was regarded yesterday as removing the last obstacle that opposed the present mutualization plan.

State Superintendent of Insurance Francis Hendricks did not, as he had intended, go to Syracuse yesterday. He remained at his office downtown putting the could be superior to the present of the pr finishing touches to his report. The report will be made public on Monday or Tuesday.

TO PROMOTE FOREIGN TRADE. Five Special Agents to Be Sent Abroad to Study Trade Conditions.

Washington, June 17.—The Department of Commerce and Labor will soon send five special agents abroad to investigate trade conditions, with the object of promoting the foreign commerce of the United States. This authority was given by an act of the last Congress and becomes operative on July 1, soon after which date the agents will start on their mission.

The agents selected are Prof. Lincoln Hutchison, Charles M. Pepper, Harry R. Burrell Raymond F. Crist and Edward Bedloe. Two of these agents are news-paper men. Charles M. Pepper has been Washington correspondent for many ears. Mr. Burrell is at present connected with the Washington bureau of a New York newspaper. Prof. Hutchinson was until recently a member of the faculty of the University of California. Dr. Bedloe was formerly Consul-General of the United States at Canton, China. Mr. Crist has

The sum appropriated for the work is \$30,000. Two men will be sent to the Orient those selected for this service being Messrs Burrell and Crist. Prof. Hutch nson is to in vestigate trade conditions in South America. Mr. Pepper will go to Canada and subsequently to Mexico, extending his investigations to the Central American countries. Bedloe will be sent to the West Indies enezuela and British, Dutch and French It is expected that the work of investi-

gation will be completed by the close of the present year, and that all the agents will have their final reports ready for Congress Secretary Metcalf has prepared detailed instructions for the agents which require them to make full investigation into our trade with the countries to be visited, what portion of the entire trade is shared by the

United States, and what method may adopted to increase its volume

GEN. GILLESPIE RETIRED.

He Is Succeeded by Gen. Bates Other Retirements and Promotions to Follow. WASHINGTON, June 17. - Major-Gen. George L. Gillespie, Assistant Chief of Staff of the Army, was retired to-day on his own request. Major-Gen. Bates, formerly in command of the Northern Division, succeeded Gen. Gillespie. According to

succeeded Gen. Gillespie. According to further announcement, Brig.-Gen. Storey, chief of the Artillery Corps, is made a Major General and will be retired to-morrow. Brig.-Gen. George M. Randall, will be made a Major-General upon the retire-ment of Gen. Storey and given command of the Northern Division with headquarters. of the Northern Division, with headquarters at St. Louis. His advancement will leave a vacancy in the list of Brigadier-Generals. This will be filled by Col. Lebo of the Four-This will be filled by Col. Lebo of the Four-teenth Cavalry, who will be retired imme-diately thereafter, and Col. Arthur L. Wag-ner will be made a Brigadier-General. Col. S. M. Mills of the Artillery Corps will be made chief of the corps, to succeed Gen.

New Federal Judge in Oregon.

WASHINGTON, June 17.-The President to-day announced the appointment of W. W. Cotton to be Judge of the Federal Court for the District of Oregon, to succeed the for the District of Oregon, to succeed the late Judge Bellinger. Mr Cotton was not an active candidate for the office, but ac-cepted the place at the earnest solicita-tions of members of the Portland bar, on condition that he should not be required to qualify until Sept. 1.
Judge De Haven, of the Northern District of California, will try the pending land fraud cases in Oregon, including the indictment against United States Senator Mitchellogs.

SECRETARY TAFT DENIES RUMOR That Chief Justice Fuller Is to Retire and Be Succeeded by Him.

WASHINGTON, June 17.-Secretary of War Taft who returned to Washington from the West to-day, made a forenoon call on the President and on leaving the White House declared that the report that Chief Justice Fuller was to retire and be succeeded by Mr. Taft was news to him. Mr. Taft said that so far as he knew the story was not true; certainly he had not been informed of any such arrangement.

Chief Justice Fuller is in Europe. Just in the Equitable Life Assurance Society. before he left Washington he said that he had no intention of retiring from the Supreme no intention of retiring from the Supreme Court bench for the present. The report that the Chief Justice was to retire voluntarily has been in circulation for the past three years. It was originally put in the form that he would quit active judicial service upon reaching the age of 70 years, when, under the law, he would be privileged to retire on full pay. The Chief Justice celeprated his seventieth birthday on Feb. 11, 1903.

on Feb. 11, 1903.

It is generally understood in Washington that Secretary Taft can become Chief Justice of the Sup eme Court as soon as there is a vacancy in that office, if he desires the place. Mr. Taft has been credited with the ambition of becoming the head of the highest indicate in the country. the ambition of becoming the head of the highest judicial tribunal in the country, and no doubt is felt by his friends that President Roosevelt will promise to appoint him if Mr. Taft will only say the word. But Mr. Taft's closest friends in the Republican party believe his stalwart frame is built of Presidential timber and they are extremely anxious that he should not retire from political life prior to the Republican national convention of 1908.

The report that Chief Justice Fuller was to retire was coupled with the statement that he was to become a member of the

to retire was coupled with the statement that he was to become a member of the International Board of Arbitration, otherwise the Permanent Tribunal of The Hague.
As a matter of fact the Chief Justice is already the senior American member of the tribunal, and has been for several years.

THE BOWEN-LOOMIS CASE.

Only One More Witness to Be Examined -Loomis's \$5,000 Check From Asphalt Co. WASHINGTON, June 17. Secretary Taft to-day examined Señor Julian Arroyo, a Venezuelan lawyer, in connection with the Bowen-Loomis case. One more witness, who was unable to be present to-day,

will be examined on Monday, when the case will be closed. Señor Arroyo was an attorney for Lorenze Mercardor, owner of the famous Mercardor claim with which Mr. Loomis has been charged with having illicit dealings. Senor Arroyo explained to-day that he knew of the purchase of the claim from the Venezuelan Government by Mercardor and the sale of a portion of it to A. F. Jaurett. He did not know of any connection Mr. Loomis had with the claim. The charges allege that Mr. Loomis purchased a part of the claim from Jaurett for speculative pur-poses. Mr. Loomis has explained that he

poses. Mr. Loomis has explained that ne merely loaned Jaurett \$5,000 and secured a profit of only \$88 on the transaction.

Mr. Loomis and Mr. Bowen have submitted statements on the charge that Mr. Loomis received \$5,000 from the New York and Barmudez Asphalt Company. Mr. and Bermudez Asphalt Company. Mr. Bowen has pointed out that Mr. Loomis received a check from the asphalt company dated March 8, while he did not know that he was to be recalled from his post at Caracas until he received a despatch from the State Department on March 28. Mr. Loomis's check to the asphalt company for an amount equal to that he received was dated March 29, 1901. These facts, Mr. Bowen alleges, show that Mr. Loomis received the money from the asphalt company long before he knew he was to leave Caracas, and accordingly the transaction must have been something other than a mere matter of exchange, as Mr. Loomis contends. The witness who is to be examined is a Mr. Porter, a bookkeeper of the asphalt trust.

PAPER TRUST LOSES.

Decision in Favor of the Government in

the Milwaukee Cases. WASHINGTON, June 17.—Attorney-General Moody this afternoon received a telegram from Frank B. Kellogg, special counsel for the Government in the paper trust cases, saying that Judge Seaman of Milwaukee inded down his decision in the Government's suit against the trust to-day. Mr. Kellogg added that the decision was a complete victory for the Government, the witnesses being required to answer every question and to produce documents and books. The special counsel also said in his telegram that the defendants had asked to be allowed to appeal, and that Judge Seaman would decide upon this application on Tuesday next.

LIEUT. SMITH'S SENTENCE.

Dismissal From the Army and One Year in

Prison-President Approves. , WASHINGTON, June 17.-First Lieut. Frederick McC. Smith, artillery corps, recently tried by a court-martial at Fort Preble, Me., has been sentenced to dismissal and one year in prison. He was convicted on a variety of charges, including that of causing false and fraudulent claims against the Government, conduct unbecoming an officer and a gentleman, disobedience of orders and embezzlement. He was found guilty of all of these charges, and President Roosevelt to-day confirmed the sentence, with the exception of that part required the officer to pay a fine of \$1,200, which is remitted.

Supreme Court of the Canal Zone Organized. WASHINGTON, June 17. The organization of the Supreme Court of the District of the Canal Zone, as authorized by law, has teen fully completed, according to a despatch received to-day at the office of the Canal Commission from Gov. Magoon. Dr. Facundeo Duran, a Panama citizen, has i een made Chief Justice of the Court by Gov. Magoon, and Lorin C. Collins of Chicago has been appointed Associate Justice. These two, with the present Justice of the Supreme Court, Mr. H. A. Justice of the Supreme Court, Mr. H. A. Gudger, formerly Consul General at Panama. constitute the complete court.

Casualties in the Philippines WASHINGTON, June 17.-The following

casualities in the Philippine division of the army have been reported to the War Department by Gen. Corbin, commanding: George L. Elliott, Company E, Signal corps, drowned June 1; Clinton S. Strong, corps, drowned June 11; Clinton S. Strong, Company A. Nineteenth Infantry, drowned May 29; Robert P. Grant, Hospital Corps, drowned June 2; Howard Glasgow, Com-pany C. Twenty-second Infantry, died May 29 of gunshot wounds received in action; William Smith, Company C. Fourth Infantry, fractured skull, died June 4.

Army and Navy Orders. WASHINGTON, June 17.-These army orders were

ssued to day:

Capt. William V. Judson. Corps of Engineers. from office Calef of Staff to Milwaukec. Wis., relieving Major James G Warren. Corps of Engineers of the river and harbor work. Major Warren will take station at Cincinnati, and relieve Lieut. Col. Ernest H. Ruffner. Corps of Engineers.

Lieut. William T. Hunt. Eighth Infantry, is detailed as professor of military science at the New Hampshire College of Agriculture and the Mechanic Arts. Mechanic Arts.

Major John M. Carson, Jr., Quartermaster, from treatment at General Hospital, Hot Springs, to treatment at General Hospital, Hot Springs, to proper station.

Capt. Lloyd England, Artillery Corps, from Twenty ninth Company to the Ninety-first Company. Coast Artillery.

The following transfers are made: First Lieut. Winston Pilcher, from Ninth Cavalry to the Fifth Cavalry; First Lieut. Join S. E. Young, from Fifth Cavalry to Ninth Cavalry.

Capt. Robert F. McMillan, Artillery Corps, recently promoted, is assigned to Twenty-ninth Company Coast Artillery. These navy orders were issued:

Rear Admiral J. H. Sands from Navy Department, Washington, to duty as superintendent of the Naval Academy,
Rear Admiral W. H. Brownson, from duty as superintendent of Naval Academy, to home and west carders. superintendent of Nava.
wait orders;
Commander R. G. Peck, retired, from Bureau of
Equipment and continue treatment at General
Hospital, Fort Bayard.
Lieutenant-Commander R. T. Hall to Newport Ensign W. K. Riddle, from the Topeka to home.

FINANCIAL.

EINANCIAL.

NORTH CAROLINA BONDS

Issues of State Bonds to the following Railroad Companies will be received by the United States Trust Company, 45 Wall Street, New York, before June 20th, 1905:

> Wilmington, Charlotte & Rutherford R. R. Co. Atlantic & North Carolina Railroad Co. Atlantic, Tennessee & Ohio Railroad Co.

Special Tax Bonds, issued to other Railroads, may also be deposited within the same time, and subject to the conditions of previous notices from the Committee.

EDWARD L. ANDREWS, Counsel. WM. KING HALL, Secretary, 10 Wall St., N. Y. City.

MRS. LANGTRY IN VAUDEVILLE. She Will Get \$25,000 for a Ten Weeks

Engagement Here. Lily Langtry is going into vaudeville. She is going to take the dip in this country, at a higher salary than has ever been paid before to a vaudeville performer. She is to play ten weeks here, beginning in the

That she anticipated appearing in vaudeville in England became known to vaudeville managers here, and greater financial inducements were offered to her to appear in this country than were offered in England. She is to get \$2,500 a week for ten weeks, which will not her the tidy sum of \$25,000. She is to appear twice a day, but it is not yet settled whether she will give a monologue or a sketch. If she presents a sketch she will have to pay the members of her company out of the salary she re-

The managers who have contracted for Mrs. Langtry's services are Oscar Ham-merstein. Proctor and Percy Williams. As the arrangements now stand she will appear two weeks at Hammerstein's, four at the Proctor houses in this city and three weeks at Percy Williams's theaters. The tenth week she will probably play in Boston.

COMMODORE TOD HOME. Owner of the Thistle Talks of America's

Cup and Ocean Racing. Commodore Robert E. Tod, who sailed the Thistle across the ocean in the race for the German Emperor's up, arrived home one Thursday, While in London he met Thomas Lipton and talked with the Irish Baronet about yachting, and particularly about America's Cup affairs and ocean racing. Sir Thomas had just returned from Ceylon, and was about to give some attention to yachting. He has three models for Cup challengers, and in the course of the next few weeks will carefully study the merits of these boats. These models, as THE SUN has already stated, are by Alfred Mylne, Linton Hope and Arthur Payne, and represent three different types. Sir Thomas told Commodore Tod that he was going to watch Mylne's boats very carefully, especially watch Mylne's boats very carefully, especially the races sailed between the Moyana and Britomare and the Herreshoff boat Sonya, and it is very likely that if Mylne does well he will get the order for the new challenger. Sir Inomias was very enthusiastic about the ocean race and was very sorry he did not have a boat in it himself. He said that when there is another race of that kind he will have a boat, even if he has to build a new one.

when there is another race of that kind he will have a boat, even if he has to build a new one.

Speaking of the ocean race, Commodore Tod said that he and all who had participated were well pleased with everything. The race has had a good effect already. There were many on the other side who thought that American yachts could not race across the Atlantic, and the performances of the Atlantic and other yachts have opened their eyes. The Atlantic, and the performances of the Atlantic and other yachts have opened their eyes. The Atlantic is a wonderful boat and made a fine record, and I cannot speak too highly of her and the way she was sailed. These ocean races and others like that of the Eastern Yacht Club to Halifax will do much to encourage the building of a wholesome type of boats. I don't think there will be another race across the ocean next year, but there probably will be one the following year, and after that the ocean race may become a regular feature of the yacting season.

About the Thistle Commodore Tod said he was well satisfied with the boat. He chose a northern course, thinking he would find better winds as well as a shorter course. He took a chance with the ice and a chance at finding the wind he wanted and lost. It was all in the sport, he said, and he had no complaint to make. In the first week the Thistle averaged only 105 miles a day, and in the second week she averaged 210 miles a day, and during that week she had two light days and on one of those only raced 105 miles. Her best run was 280 miles from noon to noon ending on the 31st, and from midnight to midnight on the 31st she made 304 miles. The 280 miles was made in 23 hours 35 minutes actual sailing.

The Fleur de Lys, Thistle and Apache sailed the northern passage. All found light weather early in the race and the Fleur de Lys picked up the freshening breeze first, the Thistle is on her way home. She left Cowes on June 8 in charge of (apt. Jaffen, 267 total, 2,080 miles. The time of her passage was 11 days, 10 hours and 21 minutes and

Knots.

The Thistle is on her way home. She left Cowes on June 8 in charge of Capt. Larfen, who was assistant havigator on the Endymion She should arrive here some time this week.

MARINE INTELLIGENCE.

MINIATURE ALMANAC THIS DAY. Sun rises 4 24 Sun sets 7 24 Moon rises 8 47 HIGH WATER THIS DAY, Sandy Hook . 8.17 Gov. I'd. 8.49 Hell Gate . 10.42

Arrived-SATURDAY, June 17. Ss Philadelphia, Southampton, June 10. Ss intruria, Liverpool, June 10. ss Potomae, Soutampion, sume a. ss Earnford, Pilley's Island, June 10. Ss fjorno, r togresso, ome 9.
Ss fjorno, r togresso, ome 9.
Ss Apache, Jacksonville, June 14.
Ss Hambior, Norfolk, June 16.
Ss Kansas City, Savannah, June 18.
Ss II Jorado, New Orleans, June 12.
Ss Oneida, Philadelphia, June 16.

ARRIVED OUT. Ss Bluecher, from New York at Cherbourg. Ss Prinzess Irene, from New York at Genoa. Ss Georgie, from New York at Liverpool. Ss New York, from New York at Cherbourg.

SAILED FROM FOREIGN PORTS. BALLED FROM FORKION PORTS.

S. Celite, from Queenstown for New York.
S. Campania, from Liverpool for New York.
S. St. Paul, from Southampton for New York.
S. Noordam, from Rotterdam for New York.
S. La Lorraine, from Havre for New York.
S. Caledonia, from Glessow for New York.
S. Caledonia, from Glessow for New York.
S. Zeeland, from Antwerp for New York.
S. Graf Waldersee, from Hamburg for New York.
S. Bremen, from Bremen for New York.
S. Mesaba, from London for New York. OUTGOING STEAMSHIPS

Sall To-day.

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Pretoria Hamburg

The Gibraltar Mines Syndicate of Bullfrog, Nevada,

is controlled and managed by such well known and successful mining men as W. V. RICE and JAMES FARRELL, principal owners of the famous Silver King and Daly West mines of Utah; W. H. CLARK of the Dixie mine of Goldfield, and J. H. SHOCKLEY, the celebrated Consulting Engineer on whose expert opinion the properties were purchased.

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PERE MARQUETTE RAILROAD COMPANY Dividends of two (2) per cent, upon the Preferred Stock and two and one half (2); per cent, upon the Common Stock of this Company have been declared, payable respectively on the 1st and 3d days of July, 1905, to Stockholders of record at the close of business June 19th.

Said dividends are payable at the office of Messrs, H. B. Hollins & Company, corner of Wall and Broad Streets, in New York City, and at the office of Old Colony Trust Company, in Boston.

The Stock Transfer Books of the Company will be closed at close of business June 19th and reopened July 5th.

THOMAS J. WALSH, Secretary.

The Mine Securities Corporation. 35 WALL ST., NEW YORK. The Seint annual Coupon bearing 7% is The Ruby Basin Mining & Tunnel Co.

Five Year 7 per cent. First Mortrage Gold Bonds due July 1, 1995, will be paid at the Knickerbocker Trust Company, or at our office. THOMAS J. TILNEY, Treasurer. EMPIRE STEEL AND IRON COMPANY.

The Board of Directors have declared a dividend of 112 ione and one half) per cent, upon the Preferred Stock of this Company out of the earnings for the six months ending June 30th, 1905, payable July 18t, 1905. The transfer books will close at 12 o'clock Noon, June 20th, 1905, and reopen at 10 o'clock A. M., July 3rd, 1905.

J. S. STILLMAN, Secretary.

Three Expeditions to Be Sent Out by the Lick Observatory. SAN JOSE, Cal., June 17.-Prof. W. W.

TO OBSERVE TOTAL ECLIPSE.

Campbell of Lick Observatory, accompanied by other scientists, will go on an expedition to observe the total eclipse of the Sun, which will occur on Aug. 30. Three expeditions will be sent by Lick Observatory one to Spain, one to Egypt and one to abrador.

Prof. Campbell will head the expedition o Spain, accompanied by Prof. Perrine of

ick, and another assistant from Marietta Ohio. The point of observation will be between Madrid and Saragossa. A combetween Madrid and Saragossa. A com-blete apparatus, including cameras and spectroscopes, will be taken along.

The expedition to Labrador will be under the direction of Dr. H. N. Curtis, accom-panied by Prof. Stebbins of the University of Illinois. It will stop about three hun-dred miles north of Newfoundland, on the eastern coast, at the Hudson Bay Com-pany's station called Cartwright.

The expedition to Egypt will be directed

The expedition to Egypt will be directed y Prof. Hussey of Lick Observatory. He ill have an assistant, Prof. West of Beirut. yria, formerly a student rinceton University.

An important object of these expeditions s to try to find the intramercurial planet to try to find the intramercurial planet vria, formerly a student of astronomy at ommonly called Vulcan, which is cosed to exist, but never has been seen.

ersey City's Police Tallor Shop Works Well. The pension fund of the Jersey City Police Department has been enriched by \$97.47, representing the profits of the "cops" tailor shop" established several months ago by the Board of Police Commissioners.

Every policeman buys the material for his uniforms at the shop, paying only a slight increase over the wholesale price charged elsewhere. He is allowed to have the goods made up by any tailor. The men say they says several dollars on an men say they save several dollars on an

DIVIDENDS AND INTEREST. Savings Banks.

The Bowery Savings Bank,

128 AND 130 BOWERY, NEW YORK, June 15, 1905. A semi-annual dividend at the rate of FOUR PER CENT.

per annum has been declared and will be credited to depositors on all sums of \$5.00 and upward and not exceeding \$3,000 which shall have been deposited at least three months on the first day of July next, and will be payable on and after Monday, July 17, 1905

Money deposited on or before July 10 will draw interest from July 1, 1905. WILLIAM H. S. WOOD, President

HENRY A. SCHENCK, Comptroller, WALTER COGGESHALL, Secretary.

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PER ANNUM JANUARY AND JULY. 5% PER ANNUM SEMI-ANNUALLY, IP REMAINING ONE YEAR. BEGINNING ANY TIME.

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AN HOUR OUT, Erie, main line; completely furnished 11 room house; all improvements; bath, gas, telephone, hot, cold water; five minutes from station; from July, for three or four months. C. FISHER, Suffern, N. Y.

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specialty or adults. Address EGBERT A. THOM-SON, Camden, Onelda Co., N. V., Route 3. TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES

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ARTIFICIAL FLOWERS — Experienced hands wanted on line roses. ZUCKER & JOSEPHY 715-717 Broadway. GOVERNESSES English traveling governess for first class family: German governess, French companion governess; American governess, seashore teacher summer engagement; several teachers (September vacancles); housekeeper; matron; graduate nurse; wanted immediately, Apply to MISS DONOVAN'S EDUCATIONAL AGENCY, 30 East 14th 8t. Felephone 3217 Gramercy. Established 21 years, Write for circulars,

SITUATIONS WANTED-MALE. TWO COLORED WAITERS want situations, private or public; can give best of reference. 119 West 52d st.

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PARTNER wanted; real estate business; office work; \$290 month assured; small capital, experience unnecessary. MURPHY, Room 301, 29 West 42d. St.

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BROOKLYN, 312 Washington St., 341 Fulton St. LONG ISLAND CITY, N. Y., 18 Borden Ave., E. N. Dodson.

NEWARK, N. J., 794 Broad Street, F. N. Sommer. CHICAGO, II.L., 1002-1004 Tri-bune Building, Guy S. Osborn.

Other advertisements under these classifications will be found in Second

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